

USSR national in formation

25 hopefuls for the USSR (ce-hockey national team for the World Championship meet April, 4 and 6 the West German national in Mannheinr and Gurmisch-Partenklichen (FRG). Viadimir Yurzinov ond myself, said the USSR national senior coach Viktor Tikhonov, put on this short tour the goalminiers Trelyek and Myshkin, defencemen Vesliyov, Bilyaletdinnv, Pervukhin, Pelisov, Kesatonov, Babinov, I. Gimeyev, end Zubkov, forwards Krittov, Lailonov,

'Olympic solidarity' programme

Recently IOC President Juan Autonio Sameranch end Chatr-man of the USSR Olympic Commilitea Sergel Poviov algned en egreement in Moscow on helping national organizations in developing countries to improve coaching atandards.

We look on the Soviet Olynrthe "Olympic solidarily" programme as a tightly positive factor, Samarench told pressmen. The current agreement onviseges holding seuthers in 1982-84 in the USSP for seasons. the USSR for coaches in gymnastics, ice hockey, swimming, wrestling, hamibalt, attriblics end sports predicina. The echievements of Soviet sportimen end coachos are well known and their experience is extremely valuable, he stressed. It would be difficult to imagine a hetter programme of studies than the one currently on offer, Samataticli noted.

The seminars will be tunded by the IOC, which will cooperate with the Soviet Olympic Committee in their organization.

Koch ahead

The late of the World Crosscountry Skiing Cup was clinched in the closing 15 km atage at Costolrolto, lialy, by the Merch 1982 world chempionship oward winner, American 801 Koch, who won it to take his first prize yet, totalling
121 points. Olympic champion
Swede Thomos Wossberg, previous leoder, only come fifth
and plocad second overell with tid points, ond Ptnn Horri Kirvesnicmi was ihiid with

LV VI

ATTENTION.

ABROAD

DEAR READERS.

SUBSCRIBERS

Makorov, Khomutov, Zhluktov. Drozdetsky, Shallmov, Shepelev, S. Knpustin, Kozhovolkov, Tyurnenyuyev, V. Gollkov, Salderis, Skvortsov and Kovin.

After the FRG meeta and a gamo between the two nationals back home the conches will bave to name two goalanadars ond 20 flehi ployera, who will go to the World Championahip April, 12.

Regretfully, the previous World Championship's best for-ward Alexander Maltsey will not he able to play because of on injury.

Much nitentinn is paid now to

nilitetic training, said Tikhonov, alirce the coming championship will be aqueezed into an exclusively light limetable: ten



These photos by TASS and Vilaly Biagaderov provide glimpses of some introduction and contested games in the national football each basketball cliampionships. Cacolidetes are being tried nut now tor a World Football Cup national line-up, and the ooe in the left photo, Tbillel Dynamo eltacker Ramaz Shengella is sirongly itpped to make it. In the baskotball champioosists Moscow Dynamo downed Laningred Spartak to John the Central Amy Cleb. Kiev Stroitel ead Kausea Zaigiris for the finet chage in the top awards race.

Mount

Everest aboy!

In the first radio communication

with the base camp of the and

Soviel Himpisyan expedition which plans to climb Mount Everest (8,0-18 m), expedition third Youngery Tanna said that

oil climbers and equipment had orrived of the camp without in-

The Soviel flag was laked

marking the formal inaugus.

tion of the base camp at t

height of 5,300 m. An inter-

mediato camp has been sel of

over the Klumba glades,

6,1110 m up in the mountains,

and another comp is being

full at 6,500 m. All the peres-

sary equipment has already

licen despatched to the latter

The climbers, said Tamm, at tn good aliana end ere prepering for the ascent.

USA walks away

with World Cup

America beat (6-4) his USSR in the final metch of the annual World Cup contest in Tolido, USA, to take the title with eight points. The USSR placed second with six points, followed by Canada with low

tion to have been established

Alpine Cup rolls to a close

Phil Mahre, of the USA, has narrowly missed making a grand alam in this seeson's World Skiing Cup; except for the down-hill jointly won by Peter Mual-ler, of Switzerland, and Conadian Sleve Podborski with 115 pointa each, he picked up all the other

"crystal globes": he cema tops overall with 309 points, an all-time Cup record, and triumpied to the glant statom with 105, special alatom (120) and the "combination" with 75 points. Ha won la most confident style exhibiling remarkable versatility and



1982 Alpina World Cop baleers Erika Hess, of Switzeriano, one Telepholo AP-TASS

leaving oo chances to the opponents — Indeod, second-placett Swede Stenmark Irailed Ithi wilb only 211 points, and Phil'a twis profiler Sieve came libited with 183 polals.

What with his relative Hop Stenmark declined to say whellier be would enler the next World Cup, while the Meltro brothers, who arrived in their home lown of Yakima, Washington, to e rousing walcome from the townsinik, ere looking tor-ward to new victories.

The women's event had a very initiguing scenario, ea freun Epple, of the FRG, hed a chance ol catching up with end even outpacing in the closing slage leader Eriko Hesa, of Switzerland, thrica 1982 world Hillst, But frena passed II iip, and, while giv-ing whiner Hess her due, pro-mised to conlast next year's Cup in real earnest. Overnil titlist Hesa noiched up 297 pninia, Ep-plo amassed 282 poinis, ami Christin Cooper, of the USA, was third finisher with 198 points. Marie-Cecile Gros-Gaudenier, of France, won the downhill with 117 points, Hess was topa in the sin-lom (125), and i. Epple look the glani statom ond the "trimblea-tion" 1120 end 701.

The closing paralini statom stage had little significance inilvibually, though the points conn-led lowards the learn "Cup ni Nations", picked up by Austria with 1,492 points, chand of Swit-zerland with 1,423 end the USA with 1,196 points with 1,196 points.

The USSR made o worse showing than last year, folling to even come omong the lea top finlahers.

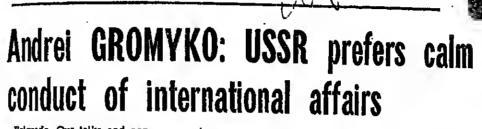
YUR SALOMAKHIN

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INFORMATION WW Jell

MN INFORMATION NO. 16 19



Beigrade. Our talks and nego-tiations are taking pisce in Beigrade at a tino when in many countries they are esking the questions; will interpational re-billous continua oo the downward alops in the future? This is a well-founded anxiety in view of the fact that nuclear lever in a manner of specking. fever, in a manner of speaking, has seized the capital of one of the largest world powers. We do not know the medical opinion on this count, but in terms of politics it emounts to advenspoke Andrel Gromyko, USSR Minister of Forsign Allairs, dur-leg its official visit to Yugos-

INFORMATION

No. 27 (341), APRIL 6-9, 1982

The understanding that a success was would be n calestrophe to mankind is penetrating ever deeper into the human constience. A reaction against militaristic policies is evidant averywhere in the world—in Europa and oo other continents: people ara demanding that everything possible be donn to everything possible be donn to every the possible be donn to every the threat of wor and to cmb the arma race.

For very understandable reasons we are both worrled by avents in Europe. The Soviet Union's decision to Introduce a un'lateral moretoilim on the deployment of medium-ranga nuclear weapons in the Eu-topean part of the territory and

Nuclear war is o catesirophe for all mankind, and the world

will never be able to recover

trom its consequences. This is said in a book "The Dengar of Nuclear War" published in Mos-

cow and written by distinguished medical scientists, members of the Soviet Committee "Physicians for the Prevention of Nuclear War".

The threat of nuclear war

agreement limiting and largely reducing nuclear weapons in Europe, are precisely aimed at securing a atap lorward la tha key problem of European secu-

several weeks. While those who

ace any signs of the Geneva ment on the basis of equality and equal security, it is obvi-



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Josip Vrhovec (left) and Aadrel Gromyko shaking hands during the welcome ceremony at Belgrade airport.

Babrak KARMAL: Afghanistan favours Belween one-lhird and one-hall of the population of the tarri-tories officed will perial to terrible forment in the first bours peaceful settlement

of conflicts ond daya of buclear wor, they write. A large proportion of the survivors, authoring from serious burns, freumas and radio-tion, will perish in the course of the survivors. Havana. The Afghao revolulion is a coolinuation of the
long-term process of the Afghan
struggle for national liberation.
Its character is national, democratic, anti-faudal and enti-imperialiat, with wide masses of our
people taking part to it. Trus
apoke Babrak Karmai, the
Chairmao of the Revolutionary
Council of the DRA in an in-Council of the DRA in an in

mia" magazine.

The USA, Kormai elressed, is the chief enemy of national ledependence for peoples and of lito cause of peace, this is sean, for example, in the policy with (Continued on agga . 2)

WORLD DOCTORS FOR PEACE

Cambridge. It is important that an end be sui to the idea of the outlear bomb os an ordinary weapon, stoce in idea of the outlear bomb os an ordinary weapon, stoce in idea of the instrument of genocide. A fixed marked the Dey for the Defence of the Land by meas do nonstrations and railies. The Isreell accupation multiprilles met be made and marked in instrument of genocide. A fixed weapon, so is a nonstration of the Dey for the Defence of the Land by meas do nonstrations and railies. The Isreell accupation multiprilles met be monstrations by harshly repressive measures making wide use of the photo:

The DACH

Cambridge. It is important that that an end be suit to the index of processor in the photo:

A representation of the index of the demonstrations.

Round the Soviet Union

THO THIRD CONGRESS OF THE USSR PHILOSOPHIC SOCIE-TY HAS ENDED IN MOSCOW. The Society's 10,000 Individual end mora than 400 collective members are working on philo-sophical interpretations of the problems lacing the modern

AN EXHIBITION OF TECH-NICAL HOBBYISTS HAS OPENED IN THE BYELORUSSIAN CAPI-TAL OF MINSK, On display are

moro than 150 flems made by members of innovalors' and veniors' clubs.

THO PLANTING OF OVER 100 VARIETIES OF BUSHES AND TREES HAS BEGUN IN RUSTAVI A CITY OF GEORGIAN STEEL. WORKERS UNDER A CAMPAIGN CALLEO "THE GREEN TOWN OF RUSTAVI". Zones of pollution are enalyzed by computer charls,

A FALL OF SNOW HAS BOEN RECORDED AT THE END OF MARCH IN ASHKHABAD, CAPITAL OF TURKMENIA, Snow in this part of the country at this tiers of year is extremely

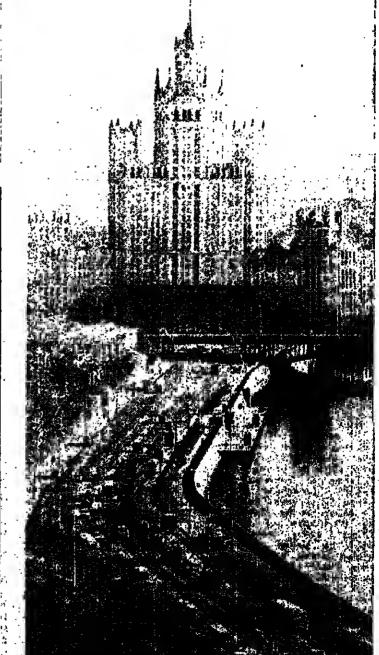
The state of the s Aeroflot moves into summer time

A Soviet II.-86 fumbo let has taken off from the Sheremetyevo aliquit on a malden light from Moscow via Berlin to Mailrld as part of the new summer schedule which was put luto ellect on April 1.

At pieseni, Actoffol planes fly on a regular basis to 110 alipoils in 89 countries, says M. Timofeyey, of the DSSR Civil Aviation. Planes owned by 29 aliling companies from 31 countries land at Soviet aliports, ity comparison with last winter's schodute, there will be a 60 extra

llights this summer from the Soviel capital to Berlin, Pragne, Belgiade, Diesden and lo other cilies in the fraiernal socialist countiles.

Uniter agreements algued by the givil aviation authorities of the USSit, France, and Japan, JAL's Boeing 747s started re-gular flights on April t on the Trans-Sibetian tonte; they will be joined by Air Pranca on July I. This is a new staga in the development of the Trans-Siberian touta, the shortest between Europe and Japan.



of Olympic winner

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in the photo: A scene at one of the demonstrations.

WESTERN

DESIGNS AGAINST NAMIBIA

Luanda. The South Altican authorities have approved the en-called revised proposals of the Western "contect group" on Namible as regerds the voltag pattern for the country's luiure con-elituent assembly. According to a SAPA news agency repait from Capetown, the announcement come from British South African embassy spokesman J. Headley following talks between "contact group" anyoy L. Alilason, of Biltain, and South African Foreign Minister, P. Boths.

Tire "A Jornal de Angola" newspaper maintoina that the piesent voilant, which aims of placing people fovoured by the West and South Airica in power

in Namibis, la very similar ta the former place turned dawn by SWAPO and the African frontline states. Under this "compro-cutse" formula each voist wife cast his ballot once and not twice, ea was pariter domanded by the recists and their Western go-hetweens. But each betlet will be counted twice-for any one camildeto as wall as for the party

The magazine points out thet the Western stretagem only prolongs s Namibian settlement, SWAPO, therefore, to pressing los direct jelko with South Africa to lacilitate the decolonization of Nemible in line with Securfly Conacil resolution No. 435.

USA aids and abets Israeli occupation

Nerv Yark, The United States has defied the internetional community by imposing a veto on the UN Security Council resolution condomning the policies of the Israelt authorities who over the past lew weeks have lanoched a cempaign of terror on the oc-cupled West Bank, The draft resolition, prepared by o group of Jordan, condennia israel for violations of the rights and freedoms

Bank and the Gaza Strin. Fol lowing the annexation of the Syiten Golan Helghts, auch actions can only mor prospects for achieving peace in the area.

The only nation to do so, the United Stotes, imposed the veto but an hour ofter II host balloted down aunther resolution at a previous Council meeting which had discussed the escatation of American armed interrention in

TURKISH PRISONS OVERCROWDED

Peris, Turkish prisons are over-crowded with left-wing political leaders and trade unionists, said Enia Coskun, General Secretary ol Turkey's Peace Committee and member of the World Peace Council (WPC) in an interview to the Paris "Liberation" nowspaper, Coskun escaped arrest and left the country when the Turk-ish authorities ordered the arrest of the WPC leaders,

Coskun said that among the delainess ets M. Dikerdem, President of the Turkish WPC Comoltice, as wall as lawyers, teach-

VIEWPOINT

ors, and cultural workers. Ha stressed that none of those de-tained had committed any crime, and that their only "fault" was their struggle for peace.

Noting that losture was regularly used in Turkey. Coskun sald that, spart from the murders committed in fall, people were bumped off on the streets In what were officially described as "clashes with the ferces of law and order". 500 people had been murdered in this way,

Washington, The Reagan administration's policy to militarize the United States ta execerbatlog the crisis in. the American economy. This is the mein conclusion of a report

140.82

Globel abUSAge.

drawn up by a group of pro-minent American specialists los the joint Economic Committee of Congress, The document, co-euthored by economies J. Galbraith, notes that the build-up le American military potential la unprecedenfed in American history. Annual military expenditure growth rates amount to 7.5 per

Igor DANILIN

cent, The ollocation of auch huge sums of money for monductive purposes results in a graduel the in inflotion in American Industry.

Dimeing by Yuri handov

The enthors consider that gradual reductions in military expenditure are one of the most effective measures of preventing further economic difficulties for the United States. A seven per cent reduction in the growth of entitary production, they point out, would save the Treesury saven hillion dollars in the 1983 fiscol yeer and neerly 00 hillion over the next five-year period.

Reegan's decision has causad aficeebla annayenco in Peking. tts Ministry of Foreign Affolis has let steem aff at other countries which in its opinion anter-iein economic and other fles with Telwen under the guise of 'unafficiel relalians".

No matter what Peking's reec-tian will be in the future, one thing is evident: the path of cancessions in Washington which has been chosen by the Chinese laeders, will not leed to

Still they admit in the Wost would reduce to a smeller or higger degree the frump quality of Washington's "Chinese card". It is not for neithing that a propagenda campaign is being raised there at present aimed at proving to Peking that China can even according to the proving the proving the proving the province of the province o

As fer the United States, they at fer the United States, they as we have seen, have not been very anxious; to "escrifica" an Island which they had luned into an unsinkable, aircreft carrier in the Pacific, They are sure in Washington that the Peking leaders who have taken the path of concessions, have, in the finel analysis, no way back.



USSR prefers calm conduct of international affairs

(Continued from page 1)

prevulls with the other side to place additional pissiles is West European soll.

They are banking estions on people not always being able to tell the truth iron a half-lie or from outright decep iloa. When et last their eyn pened it will be loo lete, fa the military programmes and to in tall swing end the accomission will be in the process of being installed on the launching pads.

The Soviet Union is to ince affect so Infant's health. O Over the next three years of the quiet, dignified conduction future notional affeirs. Such a this Reagan edministration is going to coduce expenditure on important social programmes by at least snother 60,000 million styte since not seem to be the institut in certain Wester, capitals. We are in tayou da deliers, says the nalianal cantrol deliers, says the nalianal cantrol fer oconomic aliernelives. 2,200 million dollars will be cut off medical aid for low-locame famihalanced approach to dispute which arise between states, a favour of settling such questions at negotiating table, it invour al extinguishing the fiet, and 2,400 million dollars off the "food compons" proexisting hotheds of tension at id that allowing new ones to at

AN OPERATION AGAINST LIBYA IN PREPARATION

Behul. The United States has

ing since propared delaifed description of the

stade up at 70,000 men and others, 600 to 1,000 combat places, hundreds of transport

places and two to four aircraft

in accordance with this plot

THE WORLD

FACTS

and EVENTS

O the Australian papulation

o The Australian papers of the resched 15 millian people, repoils the Australian stellstical bureau. Average papulatian growth rates of 1.24 per cent aver the pair live years have been larorded. The number of wamen have the number of man he

surpass the number of men by 27,600.

O The Ghanalan Ministry of the silfs has started organizing special brigades all aver the rountry to improve sanilary canditions in the republic's tewns

O About 8 million sayshaen-bested beby lood tine have been withdrawn from sale in the USA

and Puarto Rice by Wyath Eshotalories, Inc. If is thought that he tood could dangorously

and lerge villages.

(Continued from page 1) Physicians for the Prevention of

WORLD DOCTORS

FOR PEACE

tota E.

diproducing Areb countries hould oil deliveries to the West Nuclear War. be threatened. The Lehonose He noted that et present it weekly "Al-Kilah ol-Arahi" world doctor's movement his ince that a plan for such an 20 national committees in diffe operation against Libys was drawn up by the Americana as far lack as 1979, it envisages rent parts of the world. To ning of the movement was to fel an immediale stop to the arm the heavy bonnhardment of the lityen Arab Jamahlilya's mili-lity objectives, the destruction of its land forces by navel and rnce, to begin orullisteral dist mamont under internation supervision and to sliminate as r lear weapons in the erseals of introduce landings, and the fast chance at oil installations to provent their being destroyed. The planned action against Liva, writes "Al-Kitah al-Addi", involves a task force started and action against action against the control of the control

A nuclear wer in the prost situation would lead not only p mose killings, but also to the opideonics which used to play the world, sald R. Kruizings. promilgent Dutch leader. No cleer armaniants have been desirucilyo that they should he bonned by lew.

Babrak KARMAL:

Afghanistan favours

peaceful settlement

(Centinued from 1000

regard to Afghanista and the other countries of act and the other countries of act and other hand, pursues a policy peace and detents, a policy rected against Amperation to the law the fact has turned for establishment of the country.

of conflicts

ull nations.

Academician L. M. light USSR Academy of Medical Sciences, stressed that the use it s lapid deployment force as well as new US military bases have been established in the immediata vicinity of Libye. At the same lime the US Wostern allies and the American public nuclear weapons would and much greater disastrous cons nuch greater disastons can quences than might appear fron present-day theoretical calcul-tions. It is thought that also holf of the population to Europe could become victing of a re-clear conflict, with 100 milion people dying immediately, and proper the conflict of the consider for people dying immediately, and oneither file million dying the are being bralnwoshad Inia lite becessity of a Libyen invesion. Warhington is firm in its termication to implament its aggressirs plans against Libya and h stepping up its preparations, onother 68 million dying it deoths from radiation.

THE THREAT OF NUCLEAR WAR

(Continued from page 1) survive will have serious deviafloor to their physical and man-

tel health.
The most terrible pages of this most the those connections to the connections of the connections distrophe will be those connected with children, the Soviet docwith children, the Soviet dociors write. The mother, child and
embryo ere a highly vulnershie
pan of the population. The docfor emphosize the high vulnersbility of embryonic cells and
timer and their specific reection
to radiation as compared with
adults. The radiation dosage dameging a mature negure cells. maging a malure nervous cell, seutron, is several thousand rad, while its original cell, neuroblast parishes et dosages of onty
25-40 rad. The survivors, the
hook emphasizes, are threateoad
by genetic destruction, development accoration, intellectual

Chausautes Noel balleyes that

FROM the SOVIET PRESS ZIGZAGS OF U.S. POLICY IN THE PACIFIC

Attor the Republican administration came to power in Washington the stalements laying US militory and strategic claims to the Pocific Ocean region have become mare frequent, Albert Vinsov writes in PRAVDA. In sa doing, the United States grambles on the rise of pewer lar substantioling these claims. The strength of US armed farena in the Par East (outside the US territory) increased in 1981 by 11,000 servicemen to top 135,000. US military bases in Jopan, the Philippi nes, South Korea and in Microacsia were expended and

Additory preparations in the region are accompanied by the spreading of obvious ites about the "Soviet" and "Visinamese" threat. Albert Viasov writes.

The United States demands greater military contribution from its purtners in the Pacific Ocean trice ANZUS and of the same time brings pressure to bear on lapan in a bid to boost its military tole and drow it into US oggressive policy.

Milliantic appetites of the United States consisted to intended in another region of the Pacific Ocean to South-East Asio.

The countries that have embruted on the path of independent development are marrilling to surrender their positions. Or yield to US economic pressure. They want to be real masters of their notional resources and they advocate equality out

USA IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPMENT IN EL SALVADOR

The United States is beginne responsibility for the troopedy In El Salvador, the BRASNAYA ZVEZDA novvapaper stresses. Viewing Central America and the Coribbena as a region of its strategic interests, the newspaper says, the United States is scelling to preserve its position there and its necess to local row materials, to break the liberation inocement and to discredit the internationalist solidarity of the workl's progressive

The bloodstatued, funta's regime in El Salvador, supported by US military props, is an the brink of collapsing. The Salviderna fruita would not stay in power long without Wosh-ington's support, and that is very the Palied States is taking uniont measures to preserve the rolling testime, the paper

SINAL CHANGE OF OCCUPIERS

Preparations are well advanced in the Smal for a clean-je at occupiers, withes the NEW TIMES weekly. American com-mandos and their consideration in NATO hybosa sphere of operations thus extends beyond Europe) are arriving on the peninsula, Mounwhile Tel Aviv is plunning to annex the West bank and the Goza Strip, This palley of conjucst is being presented us "compensation" for a withdrawof from Strat. Such is the pice of the "liberoiton" of Sinol, or, to be more sich is the price of the interior of the state, or, to be noted occurric, the replacement of one occupation faces by onother, the mayoziac emphasizes. But this is still not the ord of isroeli exponsionist ambitions. They go out of their way to chockle egypt with more conditions and agreements preveating the country imm rejoining the Arab fold. Tel Aviv openly threatens to receiptly the whole of Staut It Egypt deviotes, for the attackness to receipt the whole of Staut It Egypt deviotes, for the stightest degree, from the lutter and splitt of the Comp

Divid agreement.

Still this will not sore the Camn David deel, the mogazine points out. It is instorically doomed; new evidence of this being the tovoit of the Palestinians on the West Book, the general strike on the Golon Helghts, and the growing laterno-tional isolation of the Israeli aggressoro.

A GLOOMY JUBILEE

Alter 25 years in existence, the EEC has come to a sorry pass, writes the SELSKAYA ZHIZN newspaper. Whereas between 1960 and 1970 the annual growth total in consumer prices was 3.7 per cent, in 1980 alone it shot up by 13.9 per cent. Compared with the 60s when real GNP growth total in the Community countries alond at 4.6 per cent o year, it was only 2.8 per cent the total the 70s. only 2.8 per cent throughout the 70s, and still continues to decline. Particularly obrupt has been the toll in the rate of industrial growth, spelling greater unemployment.

The EEC has marked its 25th anniversary burdened by in-

classing economic, eocial and political problems. The way la solve these nagging issues ites in the implementation of the Heisinki accords, in delente, and equitable international cooperation. The way aut that Washington recommende tar Western Europe will naily exacerbate the Common Market's troubles and can any tend it to its deathbed, stressee the newspoper.

Thaso builders from Tokyo march under the slugan "No to Higher Science and technology

The Crechoslovak capital

Prague nois has a naw form of

Iransport—the river fram. As the Karl Mark Embankment is hour

repaired, it was decided to close

down the tran and but fines

port passingers by boot. In an increditily short period of time

berths were crected, a navigotion channel marked out, and five

lasi books holding 250 passeng-

ers each were assigned to ser-vice the line. The intervals be-

tween boals are aborier than on

In Fronce, e bicyclo has been

the busiesi ground tram routes.

A PLASTIC BIKE

OIL FROM GARBAGE REINFORCED

ted by the working people to win e belier lile far themselves. At

raillus nod demonstrollous workers condemo aapopular policies ol

defeod liber inclienoble right to work, higher wages and to helter working conditions. They also demand that the gurerument spend

the outhorities end amployers god express their determine

POLYTHENE In Billalii, o method has been dovised of producing oil from city refuse, in quality, this new Coorly temporarily stored out of doors are usually covered with polyiliano to project them from rein. Yet, polyiliane is vulfiling experied from the Ministe East, and is only hall as expensive, An experimental "roliners nerable to the weight of sonw decomposes the gnibage at high pressure at temperatures of 350 and to strong guets of wind. In Czechoslovekia, a new meteriel, dagrees Centigrorle in the preflexipena, has now been invented, which consists of polysence of a cotalyst. Ten joine ol garinge yields four tonnes of theno re-inforced with steel wire mesh. The mesh increases polythene's service lile by six time A WATER TRAM The new majertal is suitable to hothomes: It can also be used for

shops and grain warehouses. RARE FIND

roofing ovar temporary work-

Attitary Expendime".

On the Island of Oshimo, In the lzu orchipelago, Japanese or-cheeologists have dug up a loliy large early human settlement. Vearly 1,500 cultural objects and nouselioid implements as well as primitive loois 8,000 years aid wore recovered from the site. Tremeadous significanca is ettached to this cacho which doles back to the sartical Jonior cul-

POWER FROM CLOTH

At a technical exhibition in

In Fronce, a bicyclo has been invented with helf of its parts made of plastic. Its designate inests that this has in no way made the machine any tess rabust. The plastic bike is much more talfable than its all-metal predecessor and waighs only ten kilae. Besides, it is much easier to repair. At the moment, the designate are working on a new model in which plastic with almost completely replace metal. Nuremberg, Wesl Germany, one of the prize exhibits is cloth made of syothetic fibre which can generate electricity. A smell len connected to this unusual source of power begins to rotate when the cloth is rubbed with a finger. A conventional domestic carpet woven from this fehile will pravide anough electricity to recharge storage batteries. Electricity is produced each time someone walks across the car-

BREATHING' SHOES

A new type of footwear called A new type of footwer called "shoes that breathe" has been invented by the French firm of Chaussures Noel in the town of Vitrey. "Breathing" shoes are filled with a special device which not only ensures the circulation of air but elso gives the limited of the the wester. the impression that the wester is treading on a thick, soft car-

is invention will be widely used in the production of rubber ahoes.

OF INTEREST Street lights for the blind

The West Germen city of Recklinghausen has installed special devices to help blind pedestrians cross hury elrects.
By touching a builon on o pois at street crossings, a hind per son will immediately know whether the lights ore green er

Manuel (Joironde Lopez, Iron-Sgain, who recently lurned 100, believes there is nothing tike cycling to keep it! Photo APTASS



A jungle dentist

Robert Craylo, an American depties in California, gave e lot of thought as to how to help his younger patients get rid of their traditional lear of the depties chair. He decided to turn his rechair. He decided to turn his re-ception foom into a corner of the Ameron jungle complete with twisting linner excite plants and even wild papier mache bears. The offect was immediate, Gravin, has now become the most pop-ular children's identisting he has crowds of eagel patients; while the less eager, according to their parents, have simont stopped

7

PEKING: 'AMERICAN CARD' DIDN'T HELP

When signing the "Shanghel communique" during President Mixon's 1972 visit to Chine the

Their reasoning was simpled initial contacts with Washington would result in America and China establishing dipleumbralle. melic refellors (they word as-tablished in January, 1929), Peklag's recognition by the yd bewelv saw telei2 belinU the lormar es the ebandohman by Washington of its "twe Chinas" policy, eccording to which the United Steep had freelad Yalwen as a sovareign state whose severalguly it had to protect. The Chinese leaders' trust in the correctness of field assumption was helstered by America's agreement to replace its efficial diplomatic links with Talway let unafficial price.

Chinosa harizon. The new American president immediately look the side of the so-celled Paking leaders hoped to play the "American cerd", in particular to solve the Talwan prob-

True, he did noi depilve Peking of his favour either. Last summer, during US Secretary al State A. Haig's visit to Chine, Americas-Chinese reistjons were raised to the level of "strategie cencord",

It was difficult to give up the temptation of balleying that the "Amarican card" would be the winding that the "Amarican through in the pad in Paking that their anti-Sayler clake yould the their anti-Sayler clake yould the their anti-Sayler clake yould the their sayler was short-living the things of sayler descripting the things of sayler descripting the things of sayler descripting the things of sayler descriptions the things of sayler descriptions and sayle con-

signment of madein weapons

Than Psking began a war of nervas. Not a single day passed without threels of unforasean consequences for Sino-American relations. Observers who know have egreed to play the role of America's "juster partner" for the sake of their geopalitical plans, were wary nevertheless of lorelelling who would win the "shoot lirst" game. Some suggested (possibly after e "leak" of secret documents from Peking) that China might let it go provided the USA supplied to Yelwan outdated warners.

Telwan outdated waspens. The first move was made the White Heuse, using its right ol senior pariner. Reagen said that he had decided to aquip Talpel with 97 million dellar worth of up-to-dete American armaments. In this way the American president removed all doubts the "two Chinar" policy would go on.

DOUBLEARING

ARMS RACE HITS AMERICAN ECONOMY

US VITAL

INTERESTS

the desired results. A stake on these who are hostile lewards the revolutionery gains of the Chinesa people because of their class nature, and do not care of all eleut its national interest, is a sieke thei cannot be wen. that Peking might venture to lake refellatory actions which would reduce to a smeller or

the name of Chinese and Amer-Ican loag-term strafegic in-

The Afghan people as

B. Karnel in conclusion sale
for peace. They are for sellet
all conflicis by peaceful mass
all conflicis by peaceful mass

meni agontalies, intersections di-MH INFORMATION No. 27, 1982

On Resign activing the White House, Telwan disap-

A ROBOT IS USED TO SER-VICE THE DIGITALLY CON-TROLLED LATHE AT THE THI-LIST AIRCRAFT-BUILDING PLANT. The robot's productivity, it was dosigned at the Georgian Polytechnic, is thrice their of a human machine-oporator. Balora tha current liva-year plon period is ovor robots with be used on a wider basis in lines of such lolhas el Goorgia's mochiao-too building and anginooring pionis.

THE FIRST PERFORMANCE DF "200,000" | "THE LARGE WIN" BY SNOLEM ALEICNEM MARKED THE 25th ANNIVERS ARY OP THE JEWISH PEDPLE'S THEATRE IN VILNIUS. Affachad to the theatra is a children's studio where actors and actresses pass on their skills to young

AN EXNIOITION OF TRANS-CAUCASIAN CHILDREN'S ART NAS OPENED IN AZERBAIJAN'S STATE PICTURE GALLERY, Tho 300 works tell how children and thair peroats live in Georgia, Asetbaljan end Armenia.

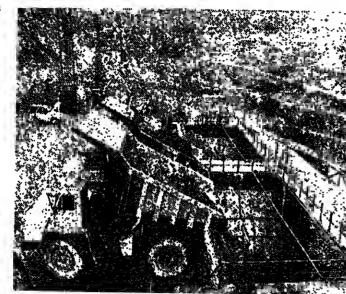
A KIRGHIZIA'S HYDROME-TEDROLOGISTS . HAVE MADE LIST OP MUD-STREAM-PRONE HIGH-ALTITUDE MOUN-TAIN LAKES. They have recorded obout two thousand such reservoirs. Kirghizia now hos an effactive system of protoction from mountain olamants. In places where mud llows are espacially fraquant hydrolechnic al complexas have baca bull capable of faking end holding back hundreds of thousands o

ORE FROM OLENYA MOUNTAIN

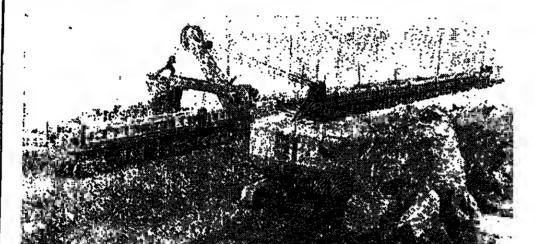
The Inwn of Otenegorsk, in the North of the Europeac Soviet Union, is a contra of Irou ore Industry to the Kola Peninsula The city has on oro enrichmaol comblee which includes e mine and an enrichment factory. Some line ago, the combloo commissioned a new complax capo-hio of producing 1,275 thousand tonnes of high-grodo from ore

Freight troins carrying enriched itour ore ore pulling aut of the Olonya station bound for Cherepovels and Lipcisk, koown for their large steel combines, and also to the metallingical combine in the Polish city of

The Sovici Union has 19 major enrichment combines like the one in Olenegorsk. In 1980, this country mined more than 580 million lonnes of raw Iron ore, ond by 1985 II has been pinned to increase tiris oulput



40-ionne trucks dip one into the hopper of the new crushing installolion of the Olonegorsk ore antichment combine.



Loading iron ore in the pit of the Olcnegorsk combine

50-KILOMETRE **AQUEDUCT** BRINGS WATER TO CITY

Waler from the Dniester River has been brought to the rel-dential areas of the Ukralaka city of Charnovisy along a 50-kilometre aquaduct built it the request of voters at the last

Previously ell water for the cily came from the Prot Rises which today cannol cope with the increasing demand. Over the past 60 years, the housing in the city has doubled, and in the present five-year period it is expected that another one melion square melres of housing will be built. In addition spoil complexes and hospitals will le other projects set up.

All lile has made the construction of an addition ourierlact necessary. From now u. 90 thousand cubic metres d deinking water will Bow in the city from the river every twenty-four hours, thus ensuring reliable water aupplier.

ISLAND COME Peninsula

Azerbaljani geologisis bate torend oil in yet onother district of the Caspian Sea. It gustes from a 5,650-melto deep bore

The steel platform used i n sumli peniusula. A five-kde metre bridge will connect it with existing platforms and bent with the mainland Emipment tools and materials necessary k luture dilling will now brought to the rig by trucks to ther than by sea which is rough 300 days a year.

Dozens of deep boreholes will

NEW BUILDING FOR LENIN

HOME NEWS

Places to visit

Rastrelli's

Andrayevsky Spusk is one of the oldest streets

in Klev. It crosses the 1,500-year-old city like a

Time has swept oway all evidence at the street's many years of history. Only one orchitec-

lural monument dailing from comparatively recaut lines remains: the Church of St Andrew built by the 10th-century architect Barloloinco Rastietti.

Among Rasirelli's other masterpleces ore the

Smoley Institute and the Winter Palace in Lenin-

guad, the Big Palace of Petrodvorels and the Mo-riasky Palace in Kiev. If you take a look at St Andrew's from the lont of the Andreysvsky

Hill or oven from the opposite bank of the Dale-per, this exquisite building will appear to be fleating oo eir, so light and delicate are its

lealures, and so airiking is its harmony with the surrounding landscape. Visitors are spellhound by

sleep and wloding maunitain stream.

Construction work is nearing completion in the centre of Klev of a new home for the Klav hand of the National V. I. Le-

MUSEUM

Taking parl in the building of his magnificent structure of grante and marble are leading landers and architects from many Soviet cities as well as from the Ukraine.

FULL VALUE FROM LIFE IN OLD AGE

Melli Jansone, a geodesist, and her husband Walfrid, an exca-vator operator, from the Ozof-aceki selitament in Latvis (o So-viet Balic rapublic) are the main characters of a film called "How to Get Full Value Fram Lite in Old Age". The new Riga film sindia production tells of the core which the Soviet stale shows (or the production tells of the core which the Soviet stale shows for its veteran workers and the interesting life they lead. In the INSER there are now about 47 million

In accordance with the Saviet In accordance with the Saviet Constitution, the Jensones receive old-age pensiona from the state: Nelli from the age of 55, and her husband from the age of 60, Although they don't need to work, neither want to give up their jobs. "Why change our hobital thythm, why rest when we are full of vigour and energy and can cope edequately with and can cope edequately with professional dulies," said Nelli Jansone, Nelli's words are given ample libraration by tilm seguences which show the couple quences which show the couple al work and at rest and during the there also de chorsographic ensemble of which they have been manbers for more thon ten years.

That ine Jansones are in good health has been confirmed by doctors. According to the usual protecture of Soviet health services, ductors carried out medical examination of the counter. dical examination of the couple belors they began to receive their pensions. Their health is now checked twice a year. For not a kopek, since all medical service in the USSP is free. The film "How is Get Full Value in Cenava all a World Health Cenava all a World Control of the film "How is Get Full Value From Life in Old Age" was abown in Genava all a World thown in Genava at a World Health Organization meeting.

PHEASANT RESERVES

formed by leading musicians.

ding Russian and Ukrainioo peiniers. Here they listen to conceris of nusic of the period per-

Pheasmil reserves have been set up in the Sagurand national park and in Sagoredjoy district not far from Tbills! the capital of Georgia. Feed hoxes have been made and filled with the pheasants' lavourile food -seabuckthorn and sord, while omithologists observe the blids'

BURNS CLUB IN TAJIKISTAN

An English-speaking club, named elter Robert Burns, has been opened at a school in Le-ninahad, Tnjikiston (a Saylet republic In Centrol Asial.

When celling up their club, schoolchikken sent a letter to the Robert Burna Museum In Eire, asking that information on the life and work of the poet be work woll from trooslations by Samull Marshek, the Russion poel. The museum otall responded to their request and sent them moterials which now moke up an interesting exhibition in

ha club. Members of the English-speak-ing club of the Leninabad school

Burns' memory. Every year, on January 25. they hold a solice

tridge and the bat.

to mark the poet's birthday. They have also started up corespondence with the high school in the city of Stirling where Rus-slan is lought by Ruth Nicol. She wrote to Leninabad that her pupils loke great interest in the Russion language and in the life of Soviet children. I have been to the Soviel Union twico and will go there ogoin this year together with my pupils, Ruth

species of Caucusian mountain

also been put under state profes-

flon are the capercaillie, the

Cancasian mountain goal, the

Casplan plan, the common par-

In their letters the Soviet and Scottish schoolch!ldren tell eoch other about their schools and tachare and share their impresslans at the books they have read and of the libra they bove seen.

Nical writes.

TULA SAMOVAR COLLECTION

One hundred and lilty sameyors have been collected by Yokov Basic who lives in Tulo. This is the largest collection in the city which hes beso coesidered the capital of samovers since time immemorial. Before the ravolution the wholo country dronk tea from Tula-mada samovars. In Tula Itself the samovar to repair them. Very lew of tha . tiems in his collection are simihouse. And thus lbe oaying "Bringing your own samover lo lar. Meny bave names of their Tula" hos become eynonomous own, for example, "Vase", "Ball", "Bow", "Yurta", "Egg",

vilh excess. There were about forly samovar factorics in the city, among them the Betashev and the Shemarlo hrolliers factories, the Medvedev. Melikov and Trilya-kov factories, etc. Each fectory had its own individual design. The lalented Rusalen copper amilhe made real works of ert

The old masters traditions are oul of samovars, followed today by modero de-signers. The first Shiemp facto-ry is the largest of the modern

samovar makers.
Besin's collection begon with an old samovar which, as an army officer just back from the war, he was given by a relative

"Pon", "Acorn", "Spider". The callector droams of finding the cack-samover of which he has cack-samover of which he has head mony tales but to date has talled to locate.

Basin's cultaction is in great demand from cleans people, historians, critis and journalists.

The most interesting of the samovars heve been exhibited mony times to Tule. startled by the samovar's unusuol orbips, he became interested in its history and soon learni mony thrilling things obout samovar production in Tulo. This started the collector of bupl for old samovors in which he has been engaged for the past

niony times to Tute.

The Sasina like drinking tea.

Gueste ere invariably regaled from handsome samovers. Besin's favourities are the "Acorn" and "Redakstage Visa" samovers. Photo by M. Gradia

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VIEWPOINT Science

and technology

Soviel physicials have discovered ilioi plasma, n ens con-

tolning charged and neutral

particles, hes a property so lar unknown: with sharp rises in

plassife the degree of tonica-

Professor Alexander Vede-nov, one of the people respon-sible for the disrovery, consi-

ders that the klentification of

this new property of plasma is

Plasma is widely used in many

sectors of the economy. It forms

the basis of a number of instru-

ments, which convert thermal

energy into electricity. Engineers

have to deal with plasma when

drilling or welding with the help

of a laser. Astronomers also

have an interest in placing sluce

The discovery of another pro-

perty of plosma will help solve important scientific and lech-

iological problems, in particular

those arising in the development

of new types of prognetoby deady

name generalors, reactors, and

thermal elements, Professor Ve-

denov sald. Scientists telleve that it will now be possible to

make plasma hased instruments

and to produce them at a lower

MEMBRANE SENSORS

FOR RAPID ANALYSIS

Chemistry of the Latvian Acade-

my of Sciences has developed an

ion sensor which takes only a

minute to evaluate the concen-

station of various chemical sub-

stations. No reagents or sout-

The sensor consists of a rod

which is immersed into a solu-

lion. The god is connected to an

electronic device which shows

the results on o display panel.

An option with o data plotter

The new censors ore based on

The onalysis con reveol troces

liquid membrones which selectl-

vely respond to the ions of a set

chemical element or compound.

ol coppar, silver, polassium col-

clum and other elements with an

occuracy of len-thousondils o

o gromme. The sensor will be particularly useful in the control of Jechnological solutions and

for checking water pollution in

plings are needed.

is also nvailoble.

various reservoirs.

The histante of Non-against

birds and animals which have and equipment more compact

II is also tound in space.

of scientific as well us of prac-

SOVIET SCIENTISTS

DISCOVER NEW

PROPERTY OF

PLASMA

tical Interest.

SCIENCE CONTRIBUTES TO GREATER LAND FERTILITY

Alexel SOZINOV. Vico-Prezident of the All-Union Lenin Agricultural Acadomy

Soviel ocioniteis carry out con-Unuous research in emp familing. one of the most conservative

SOIL TILLAGE

It is suggested that agriculture lopt new methods of soil tiliage substituting the plaugh by so-called subsoil implements. Selenlists at the All-Union Research selline of Grain Growing have thought up on original system o protecting soil from erusion. To day this system is in use over more than 35 intillion hectares. (was inreely responsible tor the big grain crops in Kazakhslan. Modified versions have been inroduced in the Ukraine, in the introl ereas of Europeon Russie Siheria end in the country's liler crop-growing regions.

LAND IMPROVEMENT

Land Improvement, Including rilgation mud drainage, 14 under laken on a constitutable scale. contance with scientific terum endations, in oit the most inortant agricultural districts of he country—in Byetomissia, the olga Area, the Northern Canrans, the Ukrahie steppe, and Ur

Baltic republics.
Over the lenth tive-year plan period [1076-80] about nine mil-tion hectares of irrigated and drained land have been cullivatted, and more throa 311 million licciares at pasinreland irrigal-ed. New large traigation on a drainage systems have been set up in many districts.

Giain production in these regions has increosed almost two

CROP SELECTION

Over the post live years e number of new variables of oroth bave been created which ore high yielding, easy to grow and with high immunity to agriculturol discoee. Pleats of such calibre are badty oeeded in the uoreliohic climetic coodiilons lypi-cal ol most ot oor country's agriculturet diotricis.

The new variciles of grain lu-ctude hatt-clob winter wheat will potential yield of up ic len locass per beclore and uodersized wioter rye yielding uplo elx tonoes per beclere. New
downing-resisioni verieties bave
elso been produced of spring
wheat, barley, oats and other
grelo. New per vertelles (peas
are the must widespread been
crop grown in the 1898) have
been developed, will seem which
sit firmly is the per and do not
shaller wings wing. The latter
characteristic health, considerably
reducer tonies. ien iceass per beclore and uc tig. Smillnerer hydrics, which produce an oil comparable in terms of let mad ecid content to that of oliver are now available. Selection has greatly contributed towards climptoged content buted towards climptoged contributed of the crop were grown noted for their high yields, good fibre qualifies and realstance to the will, the most perincious egricultural disease.

At present, as a result of new echievappents in genetics, molecular hiology, physiology, blocksimistry, etc. constderable champes are being introduced into the ges are being introduced into the process: of creating one, high-yielding varieties of grain.
Science has even got close to designing plents with preset pro-perties one characteristes.

"我是我们还是这种

FROM the SOVIET PRESS

STURGEON INDUSTRY IN THE USSR

The sluigeon, the earliest lish lomily, is a notural miracla sımtlar in significance to that of the gioni lizards of the Komodo island or Australiu's marsuplais. Few other fish have been so long and tniensively listed lor, writes Prol V. Lukvonenko, D.Sc. (Biology), m PRAVDA. As a result there has been o-sharp drop in thair numbars and several species are in danger at exterminotion altogether. This applies, for instance, to the Adriatic, Attentic, Japanese and Chinese species.

in view of the above we are legitimately proud of the last that this country has even boosted its populoilons of Russian otellais and while slurgeon. At present the USSR accounts for 90 per cent of sturgeon coich

The Nah populate the Caspian, Azov and the Black Sea as well as rivers in Siberia and the For East, with ille Caspion being their principal place of hobifolion.

The current level of ichthyology and lishing practices aliord quite optimistic pinjections, this poper continues. The USSR is the only country in the world to have a eturgeon industry. It comprises 2t lish tactories, 11 at them in the Caspian. Each year they telease 110,000,000 small try into the sea, thus ensuring good lishing prospects in the years to come.

SOCIAL PATTERNS IN SOVIET COUNTRYSIDE

Once a totally present Sovret countryside to nov populoied by workers and larners, writes the POLITIESKOYE SAMOOBRAZOVANIYE magazine.

While book to 1959 three-liths of the rule workforce were employed on collectivo and slate-run farms, in 1979 over two-thirds of H (68.5 per cent) were loclory and office workers, thus the working class has numerically become the predominant force both in town and country, in the same year workers accounted for

52.8 per cent of the rurof lobour torce, with 31.5 per cent of collective formers.

The development of the working closs defermines now the dynomics of the ratio social structure. The oumber of workers involved in agriculture (collective torms, ogricultural enterpises, etc.) rose from 1,600,000 in 1940 to 9,000,000 in 1980. In recent years it was jained by over 3,000,000 rural construction workers. machinery maintenance personnel [1,700,000 of them] ond lond improvement workers [1,500,000]. This section is grawing most ropidly in areas with large-scale con-

WHAT IS THE TEACHER FOR?

What does o leacher leach his pupils? In my opinion, he institts in them o willingness to learn things, writes Talyano Plesser in the NEDELYA weekly. To be sure, he icaclics them haw to read and write and count, she continues He teaches them moths, illerature, physics and biology but, most important of all, he teaches them to use their broins, to thirst for more knowledge, to question common knowledge and to assert their own ideas—ond he shows them how to do this. There to a tremendaus amount written on this theme wordtwide, she soy, and it seems the greatest minds in oil epochs agree that the greater ability o person has for independent thinking the deeper his teelings and the Mionger his will.

The thought process often tokes o pupil so for away from what his teacher has originally haported to him tol course, we are talking here of teaching in the broad series of lice icim) as to lead him to conclusions foldly contradicinty to the idea with which he was led; this is most evident in scientific research, but it also hoppens it achool, too o child laught to think for himself will lask very hord questions and question uptversol truths, Plesser states.

A good, well-rounded teacher who sees the aubject the leaches in o brooder context of scientific development and a country's economic advance; and all the lirings happening worldwide, is sympathetic to pupils. origingt thinking.

A genuing teacher is one in whom children whave implicit faith, the orticle continues, in tact, his smallest

cheoling, coginess or intillerence are immediately tegistered by children—and not just mentally but by their "entire epicinal libres" as it were, indeed, the moral ond ethical immatron unit intelligent moturing of a person ore possible only in a truthful ofmosphere. This makes leaching a straytherty trixing profession, since the profession of the control of the contro leachers, like process, are principally responsible to giving children the truth, the whole truth and nothing

PROSE AND POETRY

Both in conversation runt to the press one hears the idea expressed from time to thine that prose is now severa oleps oheod of pocity and that things oto not going to well for lyric pocity, writes poci Vindimir Scholov in LITERATURNAYA GAZETA. Don'i oct the wrong idea and think I om just detending my profession, but, as I ase it, there is no place for salisfaction in lyric posity. Lyric pocity is dramatic and diolectical. It is of one and the same time pain and happiness, a celebration and a delence of beauty in life. This dispute of ose most probably in view of a change that has taken place in the reader himself. This change has demanded of writers a creater degree of sall-penetrademanded of writero o greater degree of sall-penelis. tion, o ponetrotian into time theil and this the suirounding world.

Prose lives by laws of its own, as does poelry, the pact conlines. I connot imagine how one can colouble the trajectory of their movement in lime and their movement in the control in the space. I would say that the literature of our line to developing in the direction of interpeneirollan of push aeveloping in the direction of interpendirolion of pure and poetry. This is not to say (and I am not even sure that this is necessarily a good thing) that prosp should be poetle or poetry prosale. What I mean is a mulkel enrichment one by the other, II seems to me the modern poets could gain much from an otherwise leading of Trilonov, Astolyev, Raspulm, and Bandarev, the olive relationship with oil whom one writers alming at a close relationship with of whom of writers ofming of a close relationship with reality. On the other hand, by reading pairly place writers discover new aspects of the human soul. B. Akhmadulino, A. Voznasensky, Ye. Yevlushenki. R. Rozhdesivensky, and a support of the human in the second of the human soul. R. Rozhdestvensky and a number of others are up to their best (each one up to his or her own best not when the "pocity reader" demonds from poet not or best or best when the "pocity reader" demonds from poets only e limely response but also o book as such o book which could be read and reread. Their books have ocquired the value of permonent reading.

MH INFORMATION NO. 27, 1982;

Theatre, Cinema and TV Stars

Svetlana **TOMA**

An exotic figura with flowing black bair... A wild, proad Gipsy... Saeb woa Sreitana Toma as discovered by Emit Lolyanu. And thus she eppaared on the screen in bis Illm "Reit Meadows".

For a long time, under Lotyann's guiding bend--he was Svotlana Tumo's "godiather"--ahe appeared on the acraen es a mysterions, appasting Gipay figure. A Irillo Infaultta, a triflo mannerest but jest as excile was ber Masha, in Viadinii Vongaror's tilm "The Ltving Corps:", based on the play by Tolstoy. Her performance as Rada, the Cipay, the true temno latale, in "The Cipay Cemp Goes Skyward" travelled the screeno of the world and brought the actress well-deserved fame. Up-to-date her last Cipsy role in tilus was in "My Gentle and Tender Beast", olso an Emili Lolyent movie. It was now that a time of search begau for Svotiaga Tomu.

Il was not that she was frightened that sho had exhausted her potential. The break rather oc-curred because, for a varioty of maxima, abo lost "her" director, Svellans slorted off her carear with tolyann—it was to his that she cultusted all her tollowing work, and when she eventually sinpped playing in his illms, a fundamental change took place in her appearance. As Natasha, the herotuc in Viadimir Shamshurin's movie "The Secret of the Notchook", she appeared on the screen with a hoyship short haircut. This essen-Itally minor detail brought in an abrupt end the romantic-Gipsy stereolyped image which Svaliana had built up during her past lilteen years on the screen, la ber most recont work. Svaliana has



He elation and lyricality ora also typicet.

It was a rate of the latter type that she played in "The Fall of the Condor", a tilm by the Chi-

Vera ZHELTOVA

fried to transform herself from will of daughter of the sloppes of the last century tuto our coateurporary, for whom tova of freedom, pride, roman-

loan director, Sehastlan Alarenn, soos to appear on the screens. The oction of "The Fall", toiltog of the choice for treatform under a fascist dictatorship, takes place in a Latin American country.
Against the curral bankruptey of Mannot, the
hore, Maria this tlance played by Svetlanal embodies the rouscience and honesty of the com-

Manuscripts survive centuries

There were quite a low people knowledgeable in the arts oud literature of the Orient itving in Tartar villages in the 17th cenlury. This is lestified to by the foods made by scholars from the Institute of Languages, Literature and History of the Kezan braach of the USSR Acedemy of Sciences. From their latest expedi-Hon into the remote areas of the republic they have brought back more than a hundred oncient manuscripts by Arab, Paistan. and Turktsti authors.

lered somewhet from age, their leather covers have warped, the pages are rubbed and hove gone yellow, the lext is well pre-served. The industrious scribes neatly wrote every letter with black and red Iddian lnk. Among the linds is a Grammar of the Arabic language, which has been studied by more than one gone-ration. The data—t626 is found on the last page of the book.

The Kazan archaeographers



Viodimir Mokry (photo) works for the Lvov Picture Gallary as a restoration artist specializing on distemper. These little-cooliny icons are among his latest works.

The Lyov Picture Callery is one of the country's richest museums new celabralleg its 75th enniversary. Its first acquisition includes a private collection containing 300 pictures and acceptures. The gallary's collection of West Buropese oils features such great names as Sitoral, Rubens, Goys, La Tour, Melajko.

The West European art section bus recently acquired a rare series of sketches for monumental paintings by this contary Augistan artists. As the result of a cereint study previously anonymous works have

The Soviet art section boasts of many line works of brush and chief.

ostronomy, ellics, and pidlo-

Over the past low years, they have discovered more than three thousand books dating from the 17th-19th centurios.

SEA-GOING THEATRE

Shakospearo's comedy "The Twallth Night" has oavor been produced before aboard a ship at sea. The play is now belog rehearsed by the crew of the pas-senger motorship "Alexander Pushklo", al present on a round-

the-world voyage.

This floating hotel, which has seven hundred tourists from Western Europe on board, is tamed not only lur its high standards of confort but also for lis concert programmes. Its crew includes amateur singers, deac-ers and players of lolk instru-ments, Fur att ni them art is a deagant pastine during oil-duty

included in the repertoire of the drama studio set up on board Anton Chokhov's "Motley Short Siorica", a stage adaptation of Mikhati Bulgakov's navel "Tho Master and Murgarita" and nilior

Old legend in ballet language

The Spendlerov Opera and Ballat Thealre in Yerevao recently premiered the ballet, "Ara the Handsome and Shamiram", based Handsome and Shamiram", based on an old national legend recorded by the Sth-ceolury Armenian historiam Khorenatsi, it to med the basis of a fibratio by V. Calstyan and the ballet massior A. Assiryan, Up and coming dancers are taking part along-side the experienced professionals.

YOUNG VOICES OF RUSSIA

tion programma was designed.
Chernushenko cominued, is:

show to best advantage it

performing range of each each

trant. They sang romances by Russian and foreign composer

in the original and arrange ments of lolk aongr and vocal

cycles. Many places by composers from union republica was

akilfully performed by award

winners from Laningrad, Mas-

cow, Kallingrad and Kens-

Tamiko Gverilisiteli won an

award in the "Red Camellor"

competition, soloist L. Trensid-

26 Is now studying the celle at the Moscow State Coosewaldire,

and N. Nadirashvill, the only

hoy with the group, leads the

Northern Ossetian Philliarmonic soloisi Lariaa Tedioyava and Lentugrad Mely Opera and Ballet Theairo soloist Nikoini Ostrovsky have won the top awards at the first-ever all-Rusaia chamber singing contest

in Leningrail, The standards shown by competitors surpassed all oxpectation in terms of proficienry, sald V. Chernishenko, jury Chairman and Rector of the Leningrad Conservatolra, There wera 111 competitora from over 30 towns and cities in the Rus-

A POPULAR FOLK GROUP FROM GEORGIA

The Maluri girls' lolk group from the B. Daenladze Pionoer Palaca in Georgia, which recent-ly celebrated its tenth anniversary, provad to be very popular during their many tours of Bul-garla, Sweden, Poland, the GOR. Hungary, Austrie, Cuha and

folk liistrumental ansembls d the Georgian Stata Commiller Many of the group members turned professional, for instance, lor TV and Radio Broadcasting.

NEW BALLET OF LERMONTOY WORK

At the Odessa Opera and Ballet Theatre choreographers from the Ukraine, the Rusalon Federation and from Armenta are working on a new ballet based on Lermontov's "Moskhachatmyan.

The composer wrote the score which was unfinished, late in life. It was complated by his pupil, H. Oganesyan, who mails wide use of music wrillen for the two plays, "The Masquorade" and "Lermontov" as well as of other compositions by A. Khachoturyan, connecled with the work of the great post. Decor will be by artist live

Glazunov. I am tremendously interested in this now work, he says. On the oac hami, it gives me an opportunity to illustrate as it were an immortal Russian classic; on the other, via detail ond an interior corresponding to the specifics of the arl of to creale ao artistic image of Lermontov's epoch.

THEATRES

ol Polk Danca of the USSR.

Kramilo Palace of Congresses (Kremtin). B-Prokofiav, "The Stone Flowar" (ballat). 9-Con-cert by the Moiseyev Enscottle

Botahol Thesire (Sverdlov Sq).

6 — Shosiakovich, "Katerina iz-matleve" (opera). 7 — Mozart, "Cosl lan Iulie" (opera). 8 — Prokollev, "Romeo and Juliet"

Stanislavsky and Nembrovich-Dauchenko Musical Thesira [17

Pushkinskaya Si). 7—Gershwin,
"Porgy and Beas" (opera). 8—
Tchaikovsky, "The Snow Malden" (hallet). 9— Tchaikovsky,

'The Quoeu of Spades" (opere).

Operetis Theatre (6 Pushkins-

kaya St). 8—Ilyin_t. "Comrade Lyubov". 8—Karayav, "The Fiery Gascon". 9—Loswe, "My Fair

__ FILMS ...

Fresh for the Morrow (Dov-

About how it is difficult to

zhenko Film Studios, USSR).

The Firsts Fillpins soon set dance ansemble has ended to Moscow low. The performance lealured traditional dances are lashion shows. Though the ra-semble tras organized in 1970 or a group of doncers, musician ond (ashlos models, like was in lirst appearance to the Soviet

Photo by Andre! Siepu

understand a men, his charac-

Cinema: "Plamya" (1 Pio-shchad Vossianiya). Meiro Su-

Peatival of Hungarian Pilat

Cinamas: "Budapast" (14 Lar. kova Sil. Malro Medvedtova Buses 278, 60t. "Moskva" (Maya.

CONCERT HALLS

Contral Concert Hall (1 Moderoretskaya Embankment at the Roselya Hotel), 7, 8, 9–910gH Llly Ivanova with pop group

Leoln Central Stadium Sall Sports Areos (Lushniki), 7, 8, 9

Record Ture-Table a po-gramme featuring Moscow valls by artists and companies.

EXHIBITEMS.

kovaky Sql. Matro

ter, his ego.

rikad na ya.

(Bulgarla).

WHAT'S ON!

BUSINESS



India. Start-up operations have been completed at the lamination shop of the Karba aluminium plant which is being built with Soviet andstance. Its operation with allow the plant to produce 100,000 tounes of aluminium annually lar the needs of the aircraft, etectrotechnical, pawer engineering and other national tudustries.
In the photo: Inition and Soviet specialists checking cold rolling mitt at the Korbe ptant.

Hungarian exports to the USSR

This year Hungary will provide the Soviet Union with a large batch of instrumenta and equipment for agricultural ou-terprises, including those fur-quality and storage control of grain, lodder, fruit and vegetables. Between 1982 and 1984 the USSR will supply Flungary with an installation capoble of producing 20,000 tonnea of oporoading 20,000 tonnea of ope-ty resins annually under con-tracts between V/O Mashpribor-intore and the Hungarian Labor MIM and Chemokomphex companies. Hungary will sell the USSR lootwear, leatherwear, ready-made clothes, and knitwear goods worth over 250,000,000 roubles under contracta between V/O Razuo-export and Hungary's Tauusport and Hungary's Tan-timpex and Hungaroles, V/O Sudolmport has contracted with a lingarian ship and crase building works for dalivery to the Soviel Union of a batch of 25 and 16-lonne sea and fiver cranes, es well as ings for Sine-

ENI SEMINAR

A seminar on the chemialry ol calbon dioxida organized in Morcow by ENI within the framework of this major Vallan Company's agreement
on releatific and technologreal cooperation with tha USSR State Committee for Science and Technology attracted the eltention of many Soviel organirations. The agreement betwoen the Stale Committee and ENI

hat: 20 works from Zaralek Museum of Folklore restored by Moscow painters. Daily, except Monday, 11 a. m. to 6 p. m. Other days, -1 p. m. to 8 p. m. Melro Prospekt Marxa.

Exhibition Hall. All-Russia No-

tora Prolection Socialy (5 Vorov-thogo 5t). "Evan Stonea Spaak", an exhibition of 1,500 items col-

lected over five years by the

Feismao Minaralogy Muaaum. Culy, 10 a.m. to 7 p. m. Metro Arbaiskaya. Trollaybus 2. Bus

__sports __

was signed over 10 years ago. Recently the two partners have been concentrating on joint energy and chemistry project ul major importance for the oil, gas, coal, chemical and peiro-chemical industries. Besides apoclalists from Soviet organizations and ENI cooperate in such fields as biology and to the pharmaceutics and the textile industry.

These 'lour' Moscow teams were all usilees champioes.

Dynamo-11 times, Spariak-

10, Central Army Club-6,

RACING

Torpedo-3.

Hippodrome (22 Begoveya SI). end 9-Racing and troiting. Bolh days 6 p. m.

WEATHER

April 6-9

Olimpilsky Covared Siadium (Meiro Prospekt Mira). 8—Spar-lak v Canital Army Club. 7. p. m. Torpede Stadium (4 Vosloch-naya St). 7—Moscow Dynamo v crpedo 4.30 p. m.

la Moscow, city and ragioo, it will agalo be warmer: 0° to +5°C at night and between +0° to +14°C in the dayline No rain or anow is expected, end the NW wind will shift

TRANSPORT HOURS

Helto 6 s.m. lo 1 s.m. Fere 5 kopoks. Intel 6 a.m. to 1 a.m. Fare 4 kopaks. liams 5.30 s.m. fo 1.30 a.m. Fare 3 kopoks. Items 5.30 s.m. to 1.30 s.m. Fere 3 kopoks.

Itals 24-hour service. Itemsly kopaks on the melest to bagin plus 20 kopsks per kilometre.

Ordering a ceb 24-hour service. Is lephone 225-00.00.

Communal sabs (over-40:-cories in the city).

J. s.m. to 9 p.m. Fere: (5 kopaks.)

WIRTH DISCUSSES **NEW PROJECTS**

CERTS!

from Soviet organizations for a complete sat of equipment for a factory capable of producing 25 thousand toones of borehole place a year, said Gerhard Müller, Communical Director of this West German firm, a subsidiary of the Otto Wolf concern. With our Soviet partoors, we olso dis-cuss possibilities for the copro-duction of drilling losisliations for oil and gas industries which could later be markated in third countries.

Late last year, Wirth and the Soviet Motallurgimport aigned a contract lot the delivery to the USSR of two tunnaling machines, lor the Salkal-Amur Railway project, with the lim extending a Inancial credit over a per of live years. The cost of the, deal la 34 milition West German marks.

Gerbard Müller recalled that is the 1930s, his company delivered drilling installations to the Soviet Union. By the end of the 70s, the company had intensified its business contacts with Soviel its business contects with Soviel orgenizations. In: 1879, we received a Soviet order for the L-35 installation to build mine shalls four metres in diemetar and down to 700 metres deep. Lator, six more similar installations were ordered including four installations for operation in severa winter conditions, seld Gerhard Müller, Besides, the firm has subject to the conditions and machine took for milling aluminium ingets.

LADAS POPULAR IN AUSTRIA

AEROFLOT INVITES YOU

Beginning April 3, 1982

to fly the IL-86 airbus

on the 3,740-km MADRID-

BERLIN-MOSCOW line

fty Aerokul for a thrilling flight aboard a new

Sovial plene.
The IL-80's ample leg room, ob-conditioning, individual ventilation, soit interior colouring and soit

lighting ensure pleasant retuxation.
For detailed intermedian contoct may Auroflet

Aliport

Berlin

Madrid

Auport

LODKING LORWARD TO HAVING YOU ON

ASPOCAOT

Salucilar

Saturday

MOSCOW-BERLIN-MADRID SCHEDULE

This year another large con-signment of Soviet-made cars will be delivered to Austria in accordanca with the contract signed between Avioexport and the Austrian firm of Grel und Silli. Ledes 120,000 are at are-

SU-297 1L-86 Salmday

7.05 7.30

9.00

12,00

Saturday

cent to be seen in the streats of Austrian towns) era to great demand in the country. They ara used by many Austriao government ogancies and min-istrica as well es by the post-office and the customs service.

Contacts and contracts

O "Acadamia-82", an ashibition of scientific and lacknological literature from socialist irlas, now on view in one of Pregua's largeri exhibition halls, lasturas over 2,590 books, magazinas, and leaflals on sciance and technology issued by spacialized publishing houses in Hungary, the GDR, Poland, Romenin, the Soviet Union, and Cznchoślovakia.

Intourist nevve

jubilee routes

Foreign lourists attiving in this country in 1982 will have o wido choice of new filnerories and programmes. In commemorollop of the 50th anninemorolog of the byth anniversary of the formation of the USSR which is being celebrated this year injuried has organized as jubilee lours with slopovers in the largest Saviet courts ocurs including the capitals of the 15 constituent republics. in 1982, this country is also celebroting another anniversary.

65 years of the Great Cotober Socialist Revolution. The intowrist liteoraries for 1982

pusher-lug. (a) In the first year of the cur-

Q The high-capacity hulker "Mekhanik Sushkov" built by Austria for the USSR is now on

its maidan voyage on the Daau-

ba. It can olso be used as

ronl five-year, plan alone, the USSR 'marchant- marino' received around 170 ships built by foreign shippards, according to V/O

cater as lully as possible for toutists' interest in the revolutionery past of our Motherland for their interest in the presen doy lite of our country and its

prospects for the future.
Always populat are routes which include life Dispetation capital of Riev, this countries third largest fourtes countries foreign fourthin are particularly office de by the effy this year for Klev te celebrating the 1.200th antiversary. Visitors will be obje to allend the Klevon Spring-82" is stival dedicated to the anniversary, as well as the mess theatrical performances to be held by the republican significant and on the Duleper.

In addition they will be able

to white a wide range of sult-billions drawing ton the city's history and last collections as well in go on a wide veridy of excurations.

MH INFORMATION Ne. 27, 1982. OF SHIP

D E

6

MH INFORMATION NEWSTIME

Museum of the Art Their (34 Proyeza Khudozhielyanesa Teatre), An exhibition of a por